

✓ 3.7 Given $\vec{F} = \vec{E} + i\vec{B}$, $\vec{F}^* = \vec{E} - i\vec{B}$

Now I'm going to calculate the following 3 quantities.

9/3
 1) $\frac{1}{8\pi} \vec{F}^* \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{1}{8\pi} [(\vec{E} - i\vec{B}) \cdot (\vec{E} + i\vec{B})] = \frac{1}{8\pi} (E^2 + B^2) = \boxed{U}$ energy density

2) $\frac{1}{8\pi i} \vec{F}^* \times \vec{F} = \frac{1}{8\pi i} (\vec{E} - i\vec{B}) \times (\vec{E} + i\vec{B}) = \frac{1}{8\pi i} (\vec{E} \times \vec{E} - i\vec{B} \times \vec{E} + \vec{E} \times i\vec{B} + \vec{B} \times \vec{B})$
 $= \frac{1}{8\pi} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B} + \vec{E} \times \vec{B}) = \frac{1}{4\pi} (\vec{E} \times \vec{B}) = \boxed{\vec{S}/c}$ energy flux vector / c

3) $\frac{1}{8\pi} (\vec{F} \vec{F}^* + \vec{F}^* \vec{F}) = \frac{1}{8\pi} [(\vec{E} + i\vec{B})(\vec{E} - i\vec{B}) + (\vec{E} - i\vec{B})(\vec{E} + i\vec{B})]$
 $= \frac{1}{8\pi} (\vec{E}\vec{E} + i\vec{B}\vec{E} - \vec{E}\vec{B} + \vec{B}\vec{B} + \vec{E}\vec{E} - i\vec{B}\vec{E} + \vec{E}\vec{B} + \vec{B}\vec{B})$
 $= \frac{1}{4\pi} (\vec{E}\vec{E} + \vec{B}\vec{B}) = -\vec{T} + \hat{1} \frac{E^2 + B^2}{8\pi}$
 $= \boxed{\hat{1}U - \vec{T}}$ (by 3.14)

Now let $\vec{F} \rightarrow e^{-i\phi} \vec{F}$ (which implies $\vec{F}^* \rightarrow e^{+i\phi} \vec{F}^*$)

1) $\frac{1}{8\pi} \vec{F}^* \cdot \vec{F} \rightarrow \frac{1}{8\pi} e^{i\phi} e^{-i\phi} \vec{F}^* \cdot \vec{F} = U$

2) $\frac{1}{8\pi i} \vec{F}^* \times \vec{F} \rightarrow \frac{1}{8\pi i} e^{i\phi} e^{-i\phi} (\vec{F}^* \times \vec{F}) = \vec{S}/c$

3) $\frac{1}{8\pi} (\vec{F} \vec{F}^* + \vec{F}^* \vec{F}) \rightarrow \frac{1}{8\pi} e^{i\phi} e^{-i\phi} (\vec{F} \vec{F}^* + \vec{F}^* \vec{F}) = \boxed{\hat{1}U - \vec{T}}$

All as before

Thus U , S , and $\hat{1}U - \vec{T}$, and thus \vec{T} are all invariant under duality.